AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 2, 2003

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AMENDED IN SENATE JANUARY 9, 2003

SENATE BILL

No. 27

Introduced by Senator Figueroa (Coauthors: Senators Alpert, Kuehl, Romero, and Soto) (Coauthors: Assembly Members Hancock, Lieber, Longville, *Lowenthal*, and Pavley)

December 2, 2002

An act to amend Section 1798.84 of, and to repeal and add Section 1798.83 to, the Civil Code, relating to personal information.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 27, as amended, Figueroa. Personal information: disclosure to direct marketers.

Existing law requires a business to ensure the privacy of a customer's personal information, as defined, contained in records by destroying, or arranging for the destruction of, the records, as specified. Any customer injured by a business' violation of these provisions is entitled to recover damages, obtain injunctive relief, or seek other remedies.

This bill would, subject to specified exceptions, require a business that discloses a customer's personal information, including information relating to income or purchases, to a third party for direct marketing purposes to provide the customer, within 30 days after the customer's

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written request, a written description in writing or by e-mail of the sources and recipients of that information and copies of specified details regarding the information disclosed or, in certain instances, alternative information, except as specified. The bill would also prohibit a business from conditioning the sale of goods or services on the customer's consent to that disclosure. In addition to the legal remedies provided under current law, a customer would be entitled to recover a civil penalty, up to \$3,000, and attorney's for a violation of these provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. For free market forces to have a role in shaping the privacy practices of California businesses and for "opt-in" and 3 "opt-out" remedies to be effective, Californians must be more than vaguely informed that a business might share personal 5 information with third parties. Consumers must, for these reasons, be informed about what kind of information is disclosed, how frequently, and to what kind of third parties. With these specifics, be informed about what kind of personal direct marketing information is purchased by businesses, whether it is disclosed by 10 a particular business or not, how frequently businesses disclose personal information, and what kinds of personal information are 11 12 disclosed. With these specifics, consumers can knowingly 13 knowledgeably choose to opt-in or opt-out or choose among businesses that disclose information to third parties on the basis of 15 how protective the business is of consumers' privacy. 16

SEC. 2. Section 1798.83 of the Civil Code is repealed.

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- 17 SEC. 3. Section 1798.83 is added to the Civil Code, to read:
 - 1798.83. (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (c),
 - if a business has an established business relationship with a
- 20 customer and intends to disclose, has within the immediately
- 21 preceding 12 months disclosed, or is currently disclosing the
- customer's personal information to third parties and if the business 23 knows or reasonably should know that the third parties will use,
- 24 have used, or are using the personal information for direct
- marketing purposes, that business shall, within 30 days after the

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receipt of a written *or electronic mail* request from the customer, provide all of the following to the customer free of charge:

- (1) In writing, the name and address of the source of the personal information disclosed for direct marketing purposes or, if the source cannot be determined from currently available data, a list of the names and addresses of the businesses from which personal information was obtained for direct marketing purposes during the immediately preceding 12-month period.
- (2) True and correct copies of the customer's personal information that was, is, or the business has committed to disclose to third parties for direct marketing purposes and that is in the possession, custody, or control of the business at the time of the customer's request. If the business represents to the customer in writing that it cannot provide true and correct copies of the customer's personal information because direct marketing information is not searchable by individual names, the business shall provide a description of the kind of information disclosed for direct marketing purposes during the immediately preceding 12-month period, including, but not limited to, whether name and address, products or services the customer purchased, social security number, telephone number, income, or financial information was disclosed, either directly, or indirectly to a third party pursuant to the third party's criteria.
- (3) In writing, the names and addresses of the recipients of the eustomer's personal information disclosed for direct marketing purposes, and what product or service the recipient provides, sells, or markets. If the business represents to the customer in writing that it cannot provide the names and addresses of the recipients who have received the customer's personal information for direct marketing purposes because direct marketing information is not searchable by individual names, the business shall provide the names and addresses of all the recipients of personal information disclosed for direct marketing purposes during the preceding 12-month period.
- (b) No business may condition the sale of goods, services, or other things of value on the customer's consent to the disclosure of the customer's personal information to third parties for direct marketing purposes, or on the customer's waiver of any provision of, right conferred by, or obligation imposed by this title.

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(c) (1) If the business required to comply with subdivision (a) may not lawfully disclose the customer's personal information to third parties, the business may comply with subdivision (a) by informing the customer of the existence of the legal authority that prevents the disclosure, providing the customer a copy of the legal authority, and affirming in writing that the business is in compliance with the legal authority.

- (2) If, after the effective date of this title the business required to comply with subdivision (a) adopts and discloses to the public in its privacy policy, a policy of disclosing the personal information of customers only to affiliated businesses that share the brand name of the business required to comply with subdivision (a), so long as the business maintains and discloses the policy, the business may comply with subdivision (a) by providing the customer a list of all of the affiliated brand name companies and a description of the kind of information disclosed during the preceding 12-month period, including, but not limited to, whether name and address, products or services purchased, social security number, telephone number, income, or financial information is disclosed either directly or indirectly to a third party pursuant to the third party's criteria.
- (1) In writing or by electronic mail, the names and addresses of the businesses from which personal information was obtained for direct marketing purposes during the immediately preceding 12-month period.
- (2) A list of the specific categories of information disclosed for direct marketing purposes during the immediately preceding 12-month period, including, but not limited to, whether name and address, brand, nature, or style of products or services the customer purchased, age, gender, number of children, the age or gender of those children, race or race code, height or weight, occupation, political party affiliation, payment history, credit information, social security number, telephone number, income or financial information was disclosed, either directly, or indirectly to a third party pursuant to the third party's criteria.
- (3) In writing or electronic mail, the names and addresses of all of the recipients of personal information disclosed for direct marketing purposes during the preceding 12-month period and the product or service the recipient sells or markets, if known.

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(b) (1) No business may condition the sale of goods, services, of other things of value on the customer's consent to the disclosure of the customer's personal information to third parties for direct marketing purposes, or on the customer's waiver of any provision of, right conferred by, or obligation imposed by this title.

- (2) However, a business required to comply with subdivision (a) is not obligated to do so in response to a request from a customer more than three times during the course of any month period; and a business with fewer than a total of 20 full- or part-time employees is exempt from the requirements of this section.
- (3) If, after the effective date of this title the business required to comply with subdivision (a) adopts and discloses to the public in its privacy policy, a policy of not disclosing the personal information of customers to third parties unless the customer affirmatively agrees to that disclosure, or of not disclosing the personal information of customers to third parties if the customer has exercised an option that prevents that information from being disclosed to third parties, and the customer has either not affirmatively agreed or has exercised his or her option to prevent those disclosures, as long as the business maintains and discloses the policies the business may comply with subdivision (a) by notifying the customer that the business is not permitted to disclose that information to third parties per the customer's instruction.

(d)

- (c) The following may not be deemed to be a disclosure of personal information by a business for purposes of this title:
- (1) Disclosures pursuant to contracts or arrangements pertaining solely to any of the following:
- (A) The storage, management, or organization of personal information, where the personal information is not further disclosed to third parties.
- (B) The creation or distribution of marketing or advertising materials for products or services to be offered by the business to customers with whom the business has an established business relationship.
- (C) The completion of a transaction, not otherwise prohibited by law, between the business and a customer with whom it has an established business relationship or between the business and a new customer if the customer has initiated the transaction.

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(2) Disclosures of payment history or other information pertaining to transactions or experiences between the business and a customer to a consumer reporting agency where that information comprises a consumer report, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 1681a of Title 15 of the United States Code, and use of that information is limited by the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act.

(e)

- (d) For purposes of this section:
- (1) "Customer" means an individual who provides personal information to a business for the purpose of purchasing, renting, or leasing real or personal property or any interest therein, or obtaining a product or service from the business.
- (2) "Direct marketing purposes" means the use of personal information for marketing or advertising products, goods, property, or services directly to individuals. "Direct marketing purposes" does not include the use of personal information (A) by bona fide tax exempt charitable or religious organizations to solicit charitable contributions or (B) to raise funds from and communicate with individuals regarding politics and government.
- (3) "Disclose" means to disclose, release, transfer, disseminate, or otherwise communicate orally, in writing, or by electronic or any other means to any third party.
- (4) "Established business relationship" means a relationship formed by a voluntary, two-way communication between a business and a customer, with or without an exchange of consideration, for the purpose of purchasing, renting, or leasing real or personal property, or any interest therein, or obtaining a product or service from the business, if the relationship has not been expressly terminated by the business or customer.
- (5) "Personal information" also means any data or information pertaining to a customer's income, assets, liabilities, purchases, leases, or rentals of goods, services, or real property, if that information is disclosed, or is intended to be disclosed, with any identifying information, such as the customer's name, address, telephone number, or social security number, or any other information, such as a list of names and addresses, that is derived using any personal information other than publicly available information, but that does not include any list, description, or other grouping of consumers, or publicly available information

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pertaining to them, that is derived without using any nonpublic personal information.

- (6) "Third party" or "third parties" means any of the following:
- (A) A business that is not more than 50 percent owned, or that is not otherwise controlled, by the business that has an established business relationship with a customer.
- (B) A business that has a chief executive officer or corporate president that differs from the chief executive officer or corporate president of the business that has an established business relationship with a customer.
- (C) A business that is a separate legal entity form the business that has an established business relationship with a customer.
- SEC. 4. Section 1798.84 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 1798.84. (a) Any waiver of a provision of this title is contrary to public policy and is void and unenforceable.
- (b) Any customer injured by a violation of this title may institute a civil action to recover damages and, if a violation of Section 1798.83 is alleged, to recover a civil penalty not to exceed three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per violation.
- (c) Any business that violates, proposes to violate, or has violated this title may be enjoined.
- (d) A prevailing plaintiff in any action commenced under Section 1798.83 shall also be entitled to recover his or her reasonable attorney's fees and costs.
- (e) The rights and remedies available under this section are cumulative to each other and to any other rights and remedies available under law.